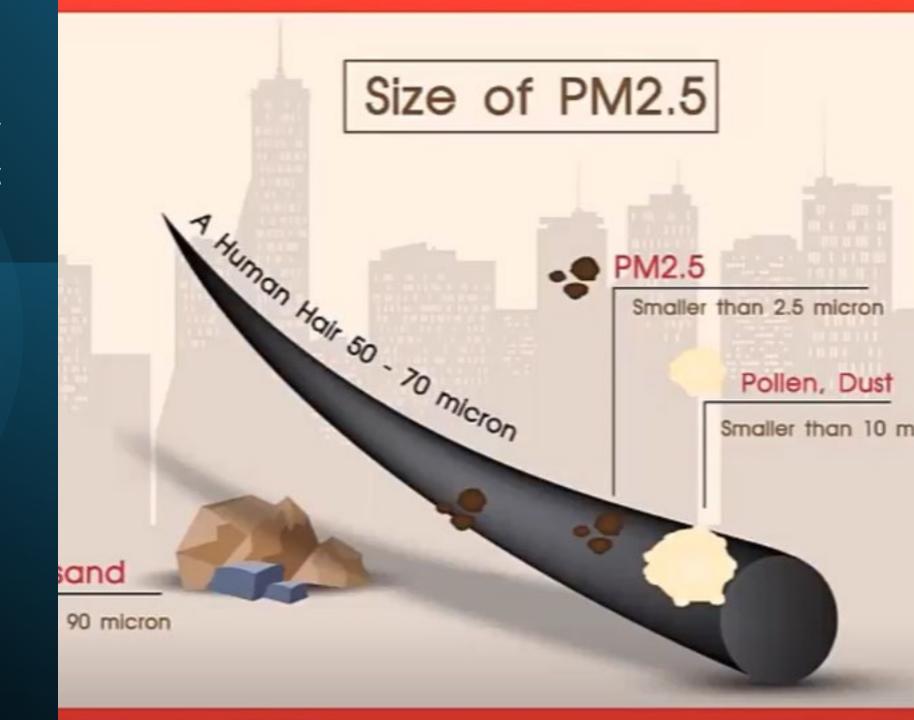


Wildfire Smoke

Mixture of harmful pollutants - PM 2.5 is the most concerning due to size

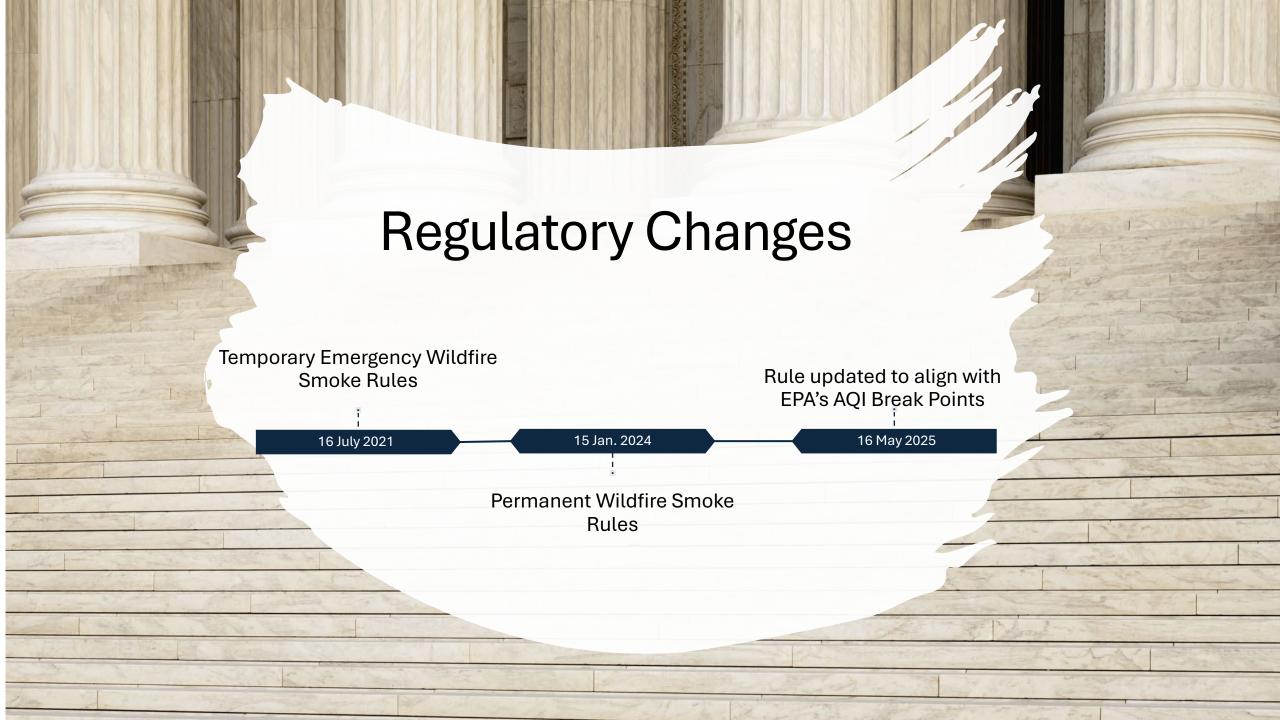
What is it?



AQI – Air Quality Index

- Calculated based on 1 to 12 hour weighted average
- More weight given to most recent hour

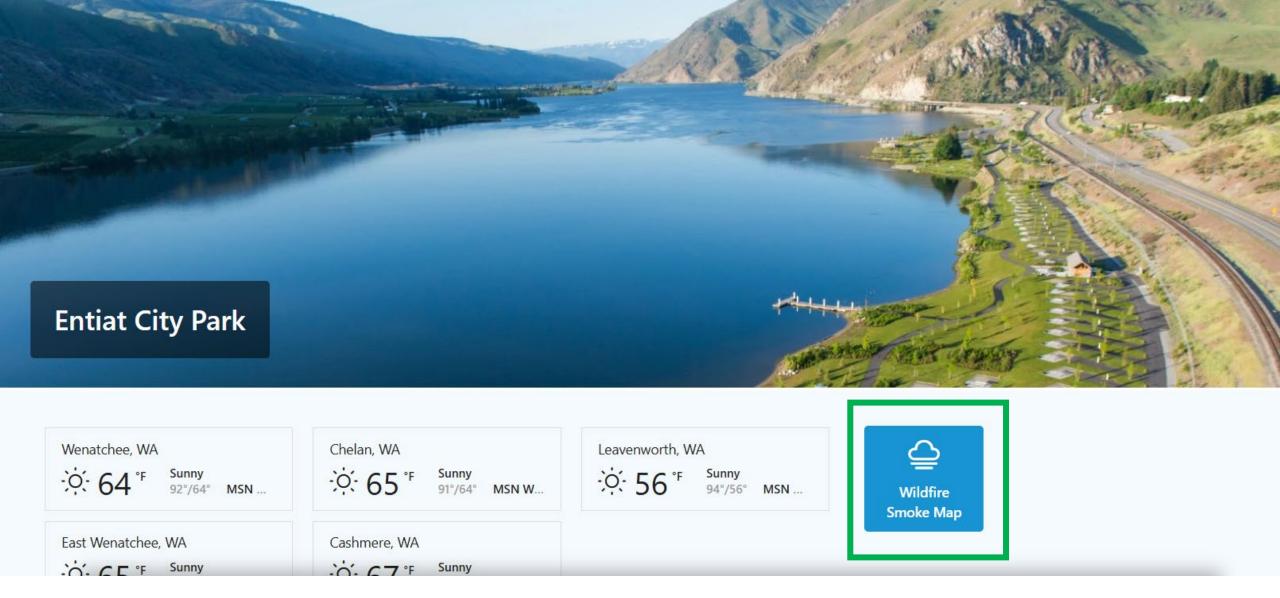
AQI Basics for Ozone and Particle Pollution				
Daily AQI Color	Levels of Concern	Values of Index	Description of Air Quality	
Green	Good	0 - 50	Air quality is satisfactory, and air pollution poses little or no risk.	
Yellow	Moderate	51 - 100	Air quality is acceptable. However, there may be a risk for some people, particularly those who are unusually sensitive to air pollution.	
Orange	Unhealthy for Sensitive Groups	101 -150	Members of sensitive groups may experience health effects. The general public is less likely to be affected.	
Red	Unhealthy	151 - 200	Some members of the general public may experience health effects; members of sensitive groups may experience more serious health effects.	
Purple	Very Unhealthy	201 - 300	Health alert: The risk of health effects is increased for everyone.	
Maroon	Hazardous	301 and higher	Health warning of emergency conditions: everyone is more likely to be affected.	



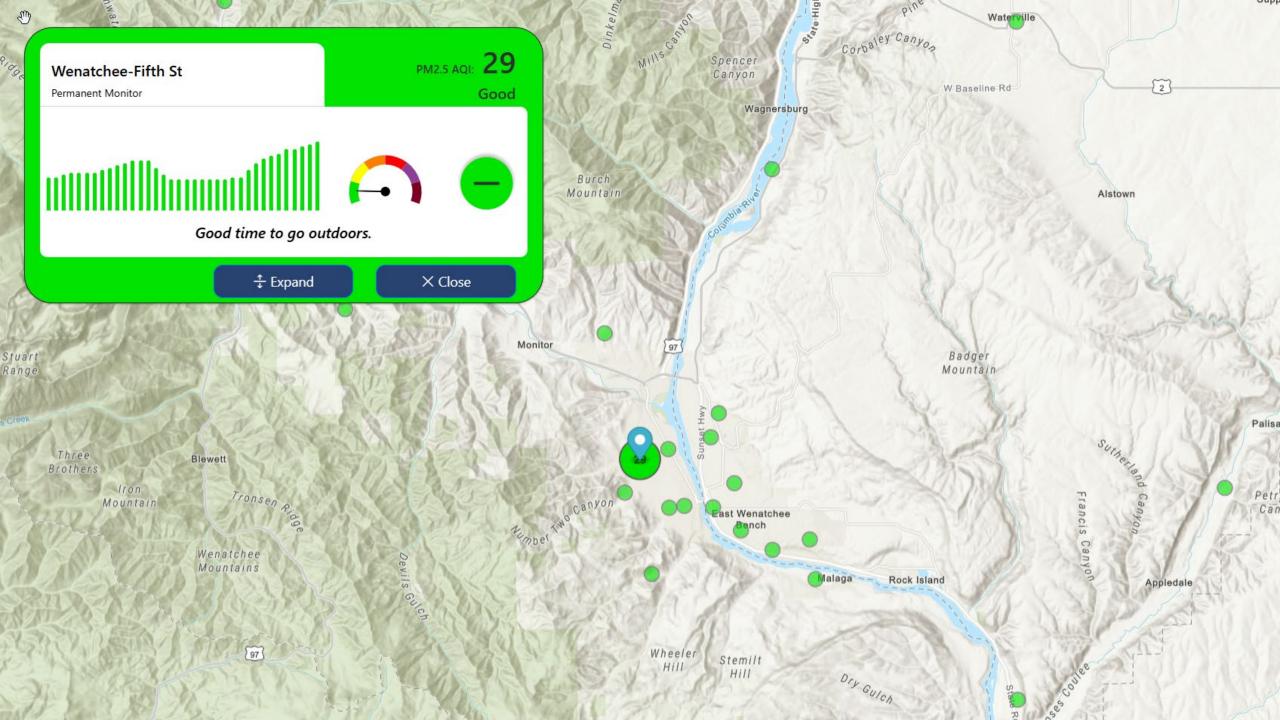
AQI Break Point Changes

Revised AQI Breakpoints for PM_{2.5} (μg/m³)

AQI Range	Old PM ₂₋₅ Breakpoints (µg/m³)	New PM _{2·5} Breakpoints (µg/m³)
0–50	0.0 – 12.0	0.0 – 9.0
51–100	12.1 – 35.4	9.1 – 35.4
101–150	35.5 – 55.4	35.5 – 55.4 (unchanged)
151–200	55.5 – 150.4	55.5 – 125.4
201–300	150.5 – 250.4	125.5 – 225.4
301–400	250.5 – 350.4	225.5 – 275.4
401–500	350.5 – 500.4	275.5 – 325.4
501+	>500.4	325.5 – 999



How to Access AQI – PUD Homepage



District Wildfire Smoke Changes

- Updated Wildfire Smoke Standard
- Updated Employee Training Monthly Safety Meeting
- Supervisor Specific Training
- Updated Supervisors of Exposed Workers Action Plan
- Updated Wildfire Smoke Map
- Communication Plan and Exposure Control Plan

PM 2.5: Breakpoints	AQI: Breakpoints	Requirements
0.0 – 20.4	0-71	- Ensure employees receive the wildfire smoke training. - Watch PM2.5 conditions and forecasts. - Ensure employees have two-way communication. - Provide for prompt medical attention without retaliation when needed.
20.5 – 35.4	72 – 100	All of the above and: - Notify employees of current or worsening PM2.5 conditions in preshift meetings, by cell phone or radio use. - Ensure only trained employees work outdoors. - Consider implementing exposure controls listed in section 7.0 and providing voluntary use N95 respirators.
35.5 – 250.4	101 – 350	All of the above and: - Ensure workers with symptoms needing immediate medical attention are moved to a location with clean air. - Directly distribute or maintain a sufficient supply of N95 respirators at the work site and encourage voluntary use. -Implement effective exposure controls listed in section 7.0 whenever feasible.
250.5 – 500.3	351 – 848	All of the above and: -Ensure workers experiencing symptoms requiring medical attention be moved to a location that ensures sufficient clean airDirectly distribute N95 respirators to employees and must encourage voluntary use.
500.4 – 554.9	849 – 956	All of the above and: -Ensure the mandatory use of the following respirators: N95 filtering-facepiece respirator; Half-face air-purifying respirator with P100 with an APF of 10.
555 and above	957 or more	All of the above and: - Ensure the mandatory use of the following respirators: loose or tight-fitting powered air purifying respirator (PAPR), or Full-facepiece air-purifying respirator with an of APF of 25 or more. Note: During emergency response, required use of respirators must be implemented to the extent feasible.



Line Operation Fire Prevention.

Safety Training