McKenzie – Beverly Permit

ELECTRIC TRANSMISSION LINE PERMIT, U.S. FOREST SERVICE

Steve Wickel, Transmission Engineering November 2, 2020

No Board Action is Requested Today



Why we're here today

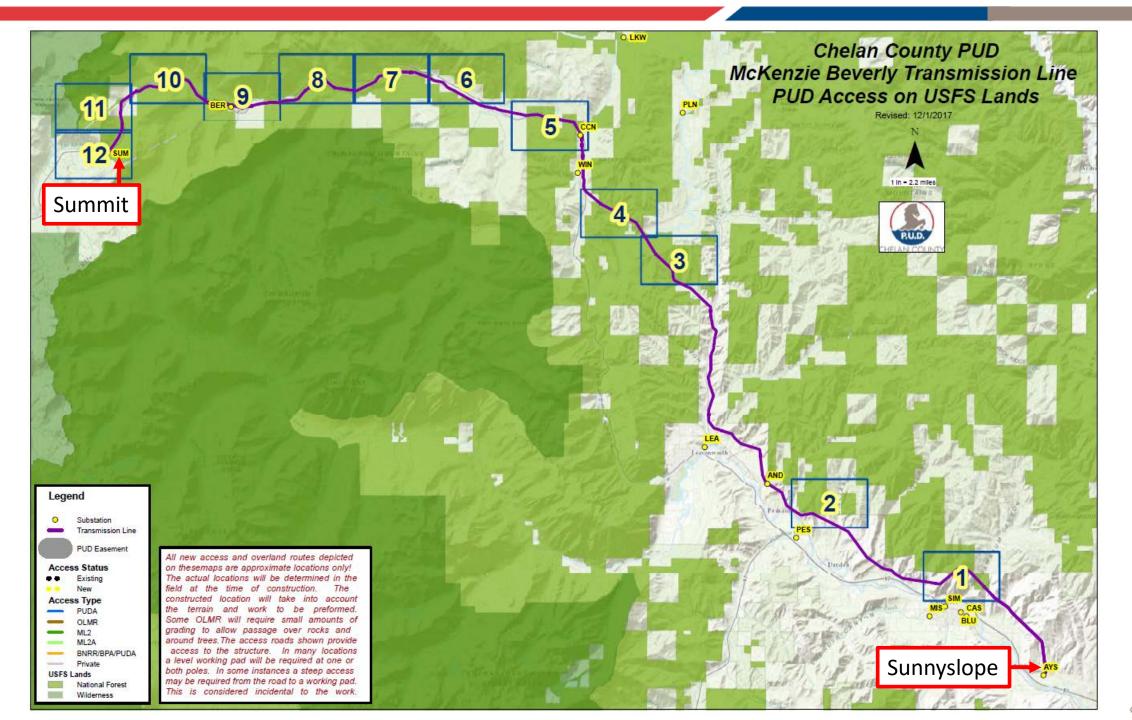
- District has been working with the U.S. Forest Service to re-issue the Special Use Permit for the McKenzie – Beverly, 115kV line.
- Permit requires compensatory mitigation



Background

- Permit covers two transmission lines in the same corridor
 - McKenzie Beverly 115 kV (Sunnyslope to Summit)
 - McKenzie Leavenworth 115 kV (Sunnyslope to Peshastin)
 - 20 miles cross Forest Service ownership
 - 6 miles on easement that predates Forest Service ownership
 - 14 miles are applicable to this permit
- Working in earnest since 2013 to get a new permit







Inside the Permit

The permit authorizes:

- Transmission line inspection
- Transmission line maintenance and repair
- Vegetation management in the right-of-way
 - To include danger tree removal adjacent to the right-of-way
- Use and maintenance of access roads
- Implementation of a negotiated operating plan



Programmatic Approach

- Operating plan and best management practices (BMPs) provide a streamlined approach to implementing maintenance by eliminating environmental permitting for each activity
- Annual meeting with FS to discuss upcoming plan of work
- Protects ESA* species in the permit area (fish and owl)
- BMPs avoid or minimize environmental impacts when performing work



^{*} Endangered Species Act, 1973

Compensatory Mitigation*

- Unavoidable effects to ESA-listed fish and their habitat
 - Road-related sediment
 - Reduced stream shade from vegetation management
- Worked collaboratively to establish actions to offset the unavoidable effects

US Environmental Protection Agency, Section 404 of Clean Water Act



^{*} **Compensatory mitigation** refers to the restoration, establishment, enhancement, or in certain circumstances preservation of wetlands, streams or other aquatic resources for the purpose of offsetting unavoidable adverse impacts.

Compensatory Mitigation

- 1. Decommission 9.2 miles of road in Nason Creek watershed
 - Interlocal agreement with Chelan County Natural Resources Department
 - Estimated cost: \$505,000
- 2. Dispersed recreation site decommissioning
 - Block access to unauthorized recreation area and replant 0.34 acres with native trees and shrubs
 - Estimated cost: \$50,000
- 3. Upper White Pine Riparian Restoration
 - Plant native vegetation along 3 acres of unused transmission corridor
 - Completed in 2018
- Expect to complete mitigation actions over the next 2 to 3 years (allowed up to 8 years)
- Funds included in Transmission Department 2021 O&M Budget





Upper White Pine Transmission Corridor Replanting

New corridor

Old corridor

Shrubs and vegetation to be planted

Summary

- 30-year permit is ready for signature
 - Years of collaboration with USFS, USFWS, NMFS
 - Programmatic approach
 - In-depth legal review of terms
- Environmental analysis indicates unavoidable effects to ESAlisted fish and their habitat
- Compensatory mitigation has been agreed upon to offset unavoidable effects to fish and fish habitat
- Estimated mitigation cost: \$555,000



Next Steps

Return to the next board meeting to answer questions.

- At the next board meeting, request approval of two resolutions
 - Authorize GM to execute Special Use Permit
 - Authorize GM to execute Interlocal Agreement with CCNRD for road decommissioning

